activity in the field. If they can continue to accumulate data at the present rate, we may soon hope to know more of the birds of the Province

than of almost any other part of Canada.

The only serious fault to be found is with the arrangement of the matter, which seems to have been printed in the order in which the observations happened to be reported at the successive meetings. There is a vast mass of valuable material, but much of it is, for this reason, almost inaccessible. This difficulty might have been to a great extent remedied by a good index, which is sadly lacking.—C. F. B.

Publications Received. — Allen, J. A. On a collection of Birds from Chapada, Matto Grosso, Brazil, made by Mr. H. H. Smith. Part II.

Tyrannidæ. (Bull. Amer. Mus. Nat. Hist., IV, pp. 331-350.)

Büttikofer, J. (1) A Review of the genus *Rhipidara*, with an enumeration of the specimens in the Leyden Museum. (Notes from the Leyden Mus., XV, pp. 65–98.) (2) Europäische Zugvögel als Gäste in Liberia. (Hauptberichte des II-ten Internat. orn. Congress zu Budapest.)

Chapman, Frank M. Notes on Birds and Mammals observed near Trinidad, Cuba, with Remarks on the origin of West Indian Bird-Life.

(Bull. Am. Mus. Nat. Hist., IV, pp. 279, 330.)

Cory, Charles B. Catalogue of West Indian Birds. Containing a list of all species known to occur in the Bahama Islands, the Greater Antilles, the Caymans, and the Lesser Antilles, excepting the Islands of Tobago and Trinidad. 4to, Boston, 1892.

Dixon, Charles. The Migration of Birds, an Attempt to reduce Avian

Season-Flight to Law. 8vo. London, 1892.

Hartert, Ernst. (1) On the Birds of East Prussia. (Ibis, 1892, pp. 504-522.) (2) On a little-known Species of Lark, of the Genus Otocorys.

(Ibis, 1892, pp. 522, 523, pl. xiii.)

Leverkühn, Paul. (1) Bericht über eine Reise nach Ungarn im Frühjahre 1891. (Hauptberichte des II-ten intern. orn Congress zu Budapest.) (2) Zur neuen ornithologischen Nomenclatur. (Die Schwalbe, XV, No. 7.) (3) Ornithologisches aus Schiltberger's Reise. (*Ibid.*, Nos. 13 and 20.) (4) Ueber eine interessante Schwarzspecht-Höhle. (Orn. Monatsschrift des Deuts. Ver. zum Schutze der Vogelwelt, XVI, No. 9.) (5) Litterarisches über das Steppenhuhn, nebst Original-Mittheilungen über die 1888er Invasion. (*Ibid.*, No. 2.) (6) Ueber eine abnormgefärbte Ente. (Zeitschr. f. Orn. u. prakt. Geflügelzucht, XVI, p. 102.

Lockwood, Samuel. Why the Mockingbirds left New Jersey - a Geo-

logical Reason. (Am. Nat., Aug. 1892.)

Shufeldt, R. W. Ridgway on the Anatomy of Hummingbirds and

Swifts. (Am. Nat., Oct. 1892.)

Stejneger, Leonhard. Two Additions to the Japanese Avifauna, including descriptions of a New Species. (Proc. U. S. Nat. Mus., XV, pp. 371-373.)

Actes de la Société scientifique du Chili, II, 1892, Ière et IIieme Livraison.

American Field, XXXVIII, Nos. 13-26.

American Journ. Sci., Oct.-Dec., 1892.

American Naturalist, Sept.-Dec., 1892.

Annals Scottish Natural History, No. 4, Oct., 1892.

Bulletin of the British Ornithologists' Club, Nos. 1-3, Oct.-Dec., 1892.

Canadian Record of Science, V, Nos. 3 and 4, 1892.

Forest and Stream, XXXIX, Nos. 12-26, 1892.

Naturalist, The, Month. Journ. Nat. Hist. for North of England, Nos. 206-209, 1892.

Observer, The, III, Oct.-Dec., 1892.

Ornithologisches Jahrbuch, III, Sept. 1892.

Ornithologist and Oölogist, XVII, Nos. 8-11, 1892.

Ottawa Naturalist, VI, Oct.-Dec., 1892.

Proceedings Acad. Nat. Sci. Phila., 1892, Part II, Apr.-Oct.

Proceedings and Transactions of the Nat. Hist. Soc. Glasgow, III, Part II, 1889-90 (1892).

Records of the Australian Museum, II, Nos. 2 and 3, Aug. 1892. Also Report of Trustees of Australian Museum for 1891.

Sitzungs-Bericht der Gesells. naturforsch. Freunde zu Berlin, No. 8, 1892.

Zoe, III, No. 3, Oct. 1892.

Zoölogist, Oct.-Dec., 1892.

## GENERAL NOTES.

Larus argentatus smithsonianus.—In a letter dated Sept. 28, 1892, from Captain Edward Fogarty of the Brenton Reef Lightship he writes: "Our old friend 'Gull Dick' [Auk, IX, 227] has again appeared for the twenty-first season, being a little earlier than last year. The bird looked as if it had suffered somewhat from the effects of the recent northwest gale, for it is minus two feathers from one wing and one from the other, otherwise the same old Dick. The bird arrived at five o'clock on the afternoon of September 28, 1892. On receiving its supper it appeared quite hungry, devouring five pieces of pork each the size of a hen's egg. There have been a few other Gulls around the past three or four days, but they are all gray ones."

On the morning of August 28, 1892, at Nantucket, Mass., I saw two white and two gray Herring Gulls, four in all. They probably came on the heavy northeaster (wind blowing at the rate of 37 miles an hour) on the afternoon and night of the 26th.—George H. Mackay, Nantucket, Mass.